

DATE: 29Jun04

(b)(6)&(7)c

SCENARIO: High voltage drill, Class Charlie fire, TOW investigates; members hand is amputated by QAWTD AMR 8.

TRAINING MODE: Evaluation

OTHER TRAINING TEAMS: DCTT.

OBJECTIVES:

1. 1001.1 Provide First Aid for casualty with an Amputation.
2. 1001.9 Transport a personnel casualty

TIME	LOCATION/ W/S POSITION	TYPE INJURY (CATEGORY)	ITT MEMBER EVALUATING	METHOD OF DISCLOSURE	TRAINING/EVAL OBJECTIVE	REMARKS	EFFECTIVENESS		
							Watch standers	Training team	Objective met
TBD	Investigator Mr. ██████████ 2-93-0-E AMR 7-8	Amputation	HSC ██████████ (MTT)	MOULAGE	EO 1001.4 EO 1001.9	BDS	Y N Y N	Y N Y N	Y N Y N

SAFETY

GAR Eval/SAFETY: Green

1. Transportation will be simulated unless ships MEDICAL REPRESENTATIVE is present to supervise AND a minimum of 4 stretcher-bearers is present. Under no circumstances will a patient be carried up or down ladders.
2. In the event of an actual personal casualty that is beyond the scope of the immediate watchstanders, the medical portion of the drill will be suspended and the HS will be dispatched to the scene.

Lessons Learned

1. BDS not manned and ready to receive patients.
2. Stretcher Bearers not prepared- responded w/o gun bag.

HSC ██████████
MDR/MTT

CDR ██████████
Executive Officer

Capt ██████████
Commanding Officer

Enabling Objectives and Measures of Performance

Objectives Met?

1.4 Provide First Aid to a casualty with an Amputation

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 1.4.1 Was prompt self-aid/buddy-aid started? | Yes No N/A |
| 1.4.2 Was the casualty reported? If so, a complete and accurate plot of the casualty must be maintained on the bridge, in repair lockers, DCC, and BDS's. | Yes No N/A |
| 1.4.3 Did watchstanders obtain any needed assistance from other watchstanders or request stretcher bearers if on-scene personnel can not adequately handle the casualty? | Yes No N/A |
| 1.4.4 Were watchstanders familiar with the location and contents of the closest first aid supplies in their area? | Yes No N/A |
| 1.4.5 Was direct pressure, elevation, and a pressure point used in an attempt to control the bleeding? At least two battle dressings should be applied before using a tourniquet. | Yes No N/A |
| 1.4.6 If a tourniquet was used, was it applied only as a last resort after other methods to control bleeding have failed? | |
| a. Was the tourniquet applied as close to the wound edge as possible? | |
| b. Was knowledge NOT to loosen or remove the tourniquet once it has been applied demonstrated? | |
| c. Was the forehead marked with a "T" and the time the tourniquet was applied? | |
| d. If the tourniquet was initially used before other means to control bleeding, was the wound covered with an appropriate dressing? | Yes No N/A |
| 1.4.7 Did watchstanders attempt to retrieve the amputated body part and demonstrate knowledge of how to preserve the severed limb? | Yes No N/A |

1.4.8 Was a head to toe check for further injuries conducted? Yes No N/A

1.4.9 Was the casualty treated for shock? Yes No N/A

1.9 Transport a personnel casualty

1.9.1 Was the appropriate stretcher used and was it in good condition? Yes No N/A

1.9.2 Did stretcher bearers arrive in a timely manner with their litter, first aid kit, and in proper battle dress? Yes No N/A

1.9.3 Did stretcher bearers report their arrival on scene? Yes No N/A

1.9.4 Did stretcher bearers assess, and if necessary reinforce buddy aid already rendered and was the casualty checked for further injuries? Yes No N/A

1.9.5 Was the casualty placed and secured on the litter properly with appropriate measures taken to prevent further injury? The casualty's shoulders should be aligned with the top of the litter with the head secured. The chest strap should be placed under the armpits. All straps should be secured snugly. Yes No N/A

1.9.6 Once the casualty is ready for transport, was a safe route obtained from DCC/CCS to the designated BDS? Were stretcher bearers familiar with this route? Yes No N/A

1.9.7 Did stretcher bearers report they were in route to the designated BDS? Yes No N/A

1.9.8 Was the casualty transported by at least four personnel in a safe and appropriate manner at all times? Yes No N/A

1.9.9 Was the casualty transported feet first, except when going up ladders? This is to allow the person at the head to continuously monitor the casualty. Yes No N/A

1.9.10 Were proper handling techniques demonstrated while transporting the casualty? If the situation calls for extraction of a casualty up or down ladders, a detachable safety or belaying line must be attached to the head of the litter. This safety line shall be rigged with at least three turns around a pipe or stanchion to prevent dropping the casualty. The safety line must be secured so that it wont be dragged while transporting the casualty. Yes No N/A

1.9.11 Was arrival of the stretcher bearers and casualty reported by the BDS? Yes No N/A